

Spelling – work for year 2

Code – Alternative Spellings

'ie' sound	<u>cr</u> y, <u>fl</u> ies	'j' sound	<u>bad</u> ge, <u>bul</u> ge, <u>gem</u> , <u>jar</u> , <u>ad</u> just
'or' sound	<u>ball</u>	's' sound	<u>city</u>
'u' sound	<u>oth</u> er	'n' sound	<u>kn</u> ock, <u>gn</u> aw
'ee' sound	<u>don</u> key	'r' sound	<u>w</u> rite
'o' sound	<u>w</u> ant	'l' sound	<u>tab</u> le, <u>cam</u> el, <u>met</u> al, <u>pencil</u>
'er' sound	<u>w</u> ork	'zh' sound	<u>us</u> ual
'or' sound	<u>war</u>		

Code – Alternative Pronunciations

<a> spelling	<u>can</u> , <u>bab</u> y, <u>ball</u> , <u>w</u> ant	<y> spelling	<u>yes</u> , <u>happ</u> y, <u>cr</u> y
<o> spelling	<u>not</u> , <u>most</u> , <u>oth</u> er	<g> spelling	<u>get</u> , <u>gem</u>
<or> spelling	<u>born</u> , <u>w</u> ork	<c> spelling	<u>cat</u> , <u>ci</u> ty
<ar> spelling	<u>car</u> , <u>war</u>	<s> spelling	<u>stop</u> , <u>dog</u> s, <u>us</u> ual

Code – Exceptions

'or' sound	<u>door</u> , <u>floor</u> , <u>poor</u>	'oo' sound	<u>could</u> , <u>shou</u> ld, <u>wou</u> ld,
'o' sound	<u>bec</u> ause	'e' sound	<u>an</u> y, <u>man</u> y, <u>ag</u> ain
'ie' sound	<u>f</u> ind, <u>k</u> ind, <u>m</u> ind, <u>beh</u> ind, <u>ch</u> ild, <u>w</u> ild, <u>cl</u> imb, <u>e</u> ye	'or' sound	<u>w</u> ater
'oe' sound	<u>most</u> , <u>only</u> , <u>both</u> , <u>old</u> , <u>cold</u> , <u>gold</u> , <u>hold</u> , <u>told</u> , <u>whole</u> , <u>clo</u> thes	'air' sound	<u>par</u> ents
'ee' sound	<u>even</u> , <u>pe</u> ople, <u>mon</u> ey	schwa	children <u>hour</u> * (*<h> spells 'ow')
'ae' sound	<u>great</u> , <u>br</u> ea <u>k</u> , <u>stea</u> k	'z' sound	<u>bec</u> ause
'i' sound	<u>pre</u> tt <u>y</u> , <u>b</u> us <u>y</u>	've' sound	<u>mov</u> e, <u>prov</u> e, <u>improv</u> e
'ue' sound	<u>bea</u> utiful	'sh' sound	<u>su</u> re, <u>sug</u> ar
'ar' sound	<u>a</u> fter, <u>f</u> ast, <u>l</u> ast, <u>p</u> ast, <u>f</u> ather, <u>cl</u> ass, <u>gr</u> ass, <u>p</u> ass, <u>p</u> lant, <u>p</u> ath, <u>b</u> ath, <u>h</u> alf	'w' sound	<u>wh</u> o, <u>wh</u> ole
'oo' sound	<u>mov</u> e, <u>prov</u> e, <u>improv</u> e, <u>wh</u> o	's' sound	<u>Christ</u> mas
'ow' sound	<u>hour</u> * (*<h> spells 'ow')	'z' sound	<u>bec</u> ause
'ure' sound	<u>su</u> re		

Spelling – work for year 2 (continued)

Code – homophones and near homophones

<u>there</u> / <u>their</u> / <u>they're</u>	<u>here</u> / <u>hear</u>
q <u>i</u> et / q <u>i</u> te	<u>sea</u> / <u>see</u>
<u>bare</u> / <u>bear</u>	<u>one</u> / <u>won</u>
<u>to</u> / <u>too</u> / <u>two</u>	<u>be</u> / <u>bee</u>
<u>blue</u> / <u>blew</u>	<u>night</u> / <u>knigh</u> t

Inflectional Affixes

-es	verb present tense third person singular	flies, tries, replies, copies, carries
-es/-s	noun plural	flies, replies, copies, babies, keys, donkeys, monkeys, chimneys, valleys
-ing	verb present participle	copy <u>ing</u> , cry <u>ing</u> , reply <u>ing</u> , ski <u>ing</u> , taxi <u>ing</u> , hike <u>ing</u> , be <u>ing</u> , pat <u>ing</u> , hum <u>ing</u> , drop <u>ing</u>
-ed	verb simple past tense	copied, cried, replied, hiked, patted, hummed, dropped
-er	adjective comparative	happier, nicer, sadder, fatter
-est	adjective superlative	happiest, nicest, saddest, fattest
-'s	(singular) noun possessive	Megan's, Ravi's, the girl's, the child's, the man's

Derivational Affixes

-er	transforms a verb into a noun	copier, hiker, runner
-y	adjective Old English suffix meaning 'full of' or 'characterised by'	shiny, runny
-ment	an action/result	enjoyment, merriment
-ness	a state/quality	sadness, plainness, happiness
-ful	'full of'	careful, playful, plentiful
-less	without	hopeless, penniless,
-ly	how/manner	badly, happily
-er	transforms a verb into a noun	copier, hiker, runner

Spelling – work for year 2 (continued)

Contractions

The apostrophe shows where a sound or sounds (letter or letters) would be if the words were written in full.

It's means 'it is'; it's is never used for the possessive.

can not – can't
did not – didn't
has not – hasn't
could not – couldn't
it is – it's
I will – I'll

Final stable syllables

Words ending in –tion

-tion is a syllable formed when the word-forming element 'ion is fixed to a base or to another suffix ending in –t or –te.

station, fiction, motion, national, section